12 Books of History Joshua through Esther

Rom 15:4; 1 Cor 10:11

Tab 1 25 lessons as outlined below

Date	Day	Topic	Page No.
6/4	Sun	Introduction & Overview	1 - 4
6/7	Wed	Periods 1 & 2 - Before the Flood, Flood	5 - 6
6/11	Sun	Periods 3 & 4 - Scattering of Mankind, Patriarchs	7 - 8
6/14	Wed	Periods 5 & 6 – Exodus, Wilderness Wanderings	9 -10
6/18	Sun	Period 7 – The Conquest of Canaan	11
6/21	Wed	Book of Joshua	12
6/25	Sun	Period 8 – The Judges	13
6/28	Wed	 Book of Judges and 1 Samuel 1 - 8 	14 -15
7/2	Sun	 Book of Judges and 1 Samuel 1 – 8 (continued) 	
7/5	Wed	 Book of Ruth and 1 Chronicles 1 – 9 	16
7/9	Sun	Period 9 – The United Kingdom (Saul, David and Solomon)	17
7/12	Wed	Book of 1 Samuel 10 – 31 and 1 Chronicles 10	18
7/16	Sun	Book of 2 Samuel and 1 Chronicles 11 - 29	19
7/19	Wed	Books of 1 Kings 1 - 11 and 2 Chronicles 1 - 9	20
7/23	Sun	Period 10 – The Divided Kingdom (Judah and Israel)	21
7/26	Wed	Gospel Meeting – meet in auditorium	
7/30	Sun	 Review of Periods 7 to 10, Books of 1 Kings 12 – 22, Kings 1, 17 and 3 Chronisles 10, 38 	22-23
8/2	Wed	 2 Kings 1 – 17 and 2 Chronicles 10-28 Books of 1 Kings 12 – 22, 2 Kings 1 – 17 and 2 Chronicles 10-28 (continued) 	
8/6	Sun	Period 11 – Judah Continues	24
8/9	Wed	 Books of 2 Kings 18 - 25 and 2 Chronicles 29 - 36 	25
8/13	Sun	Period 12 – Babylonian Captivity	26
8/16	Wed	Period 13 – The Return From Captivity	27
8/20	Sun	Book of Ezra	28
8/23	Wed	Book of Esther and Persian Kings	29-30
8/27	Sun	Book of Nehemiah	31
8/30	Wed	Periods 14 to 17	32-35

Tab 2 Practice quizzes (Periods 1 to 13) for your self assessment and review. Not reviewed in class.

Tab 3 Resource Material - timelines and charts

- 1. Overview this study
 - a. Is a balance of lecture and interactive discussion
 - b. Time will not allow a detailed study of each book.
 - c. <u>The lessons are arranged chronologically</u> this requires some jumping around as some of these books (or their parts) overlap! Two examples:
 - Ezra 1-6, Esther, Ezra 7-10, and Nehemiah
 - The genealogy of 1 Chronicles 1 9 overlaps much of the Old Testament
- 2. The annex encourages a more interactive learning environment. Which, if any, of the "adult" learning techniques shown on the left are appropriate for a Bible Study?

Andragogical Training - adult learning	Pedagogical Training – children learning
Participants or learners	Students
Independent learning style	Dependent learning style
Objectives are flexible	Predetermined and inflexible objectives
Learners contribute via experience	Learners are inexperienced and uninformed
Active training methods are used	Passive training methods (lecture) are used
Learners influence timing and pace	Trainer controls timing and pace
Participant involvement is vital to success	Participants contribute little
Learning is real life problem centered	Learning is content centered
Participants are seen as primary resources	Trainer is seen as the primary resource who
for ideas and examples	provides ideas and examples

So, regardless of your background or previous understanding of this material – please come prepared and ready to participate! It will benefit both you and our collective classroom study if you prepare by completing the worksheet BEFORE CLASS. Worksheet content and methodolgy vary from lesson to lesson. Refer to the resource section of the notebook and other study aides. Questions and engaged discussion are welcome in class.

- 3. A review of Bible divisions
 - a. As one book, one entire compilation of God's thoughts
 - i. Revelation, Scripture Rom 16:25-26; 2 Tim 3:15
 - ii. Thoughts of God, taught/led by the Spirit 1 Cor 2:10-13
 - b. As two testaments
 - c. As sixty six books. Note that some faiths have added uninspired books later (such as the Apocrypha these are not part of Holy Scripture)
 - d. As three sections Moses/law, prophets, psalms Luke 24:27, 44
 - e. Other terms Torah, Pentateuch
 - f. Septuagint (LXX) quoted by both the Lord and His apostles, translation of Old Testament into Greek
 - g. 5, **12**, 5, 5, 12 law, **HISTORY**, poetry, major prophets, minor prophets
- 4. Acknowledgement
 - a. 17 Periods of Biblical History (Andy Diestelkamp, Pontiac, IL) is used as a primary outline for this study.
 - b. Notes and resource materials from Bible Survey (Steve Fontenot, Humble, TX)
 - c. Other resource materials

LESSON OBJECTIVES

Class Subject: <u>Books of History</u>	Class Grade: Adult-Auditorium
Quarter:	Teacher:

Understandings: What do you want the class to know after the quarter?

- 1. Which books are the books of history.
- 2. What period of time they cover.
- 3. The major subdivisions of this period. (E.g., judges; united kingdom; divided kingdom; exile; post-exile.)
- 4. Brief summary of each book.
- 5. Major persons, events. (E.g.—Persons: key judges; first three kings, etc.; Events: conquest of land; famous battles [Joshua at Jericho; Deborah and Barak at Megiddo; etc.]; appointment of first king; division of kingdom; etc.)
- 6. Prominent prophets and their appropriate places in this period of history.
- 7. The general thread of Israel's history recorded in these books.8. Major dates. (E.g., period of conquest, period of the judges, approximate time of David's reign, division of the kingdom, destruction of Jerusalem, three returns.)
- 9. Messianic persons, events, and institutions in the history.

Skills: What do you want the class to be able to do after the lessons?

- 1. Be able to discuss the history of Israel with some degree of familiarity.
- 2. Be able to put people and events in their respective places in the history of these books.
- 3. Answer certain key questions (See "Understandings.").
- 4. Make practical applications of the history. See 1 Co. 10:11, Rom. 15:4.

Attitudes: What attitudes do you want to develop as a result of the lessons?

- 1. Greater appreciation for the value of Old Testament study.
- 2. Awareness of historical trends toward apostasy. "Those ignorant of history are doomed to repeat it."
- 3. Deeper fear of God as seen in His judgments on His nation and other nations.
- 4. Strengthened faith in the lovingkindness and faithfulness of God as reflected the history of Israel, seen in the biessings of the Covenant, punishment for rejection of it, and restoration according His promise.
- 5. A sense of the Messianic scheme of redemption God was working out through this history.

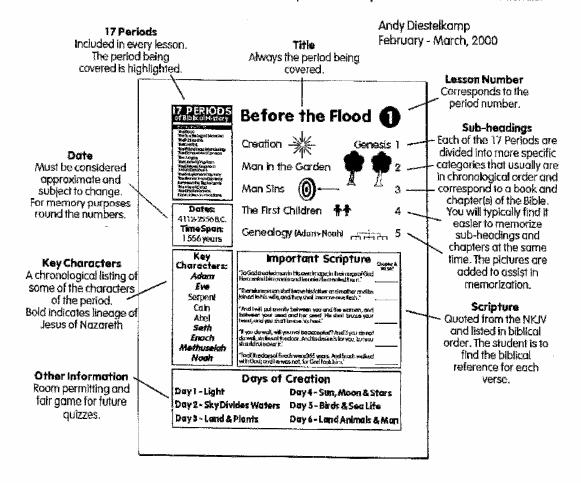
The purpose of this material is to help the Bible student commit to memory the basics of scripture. The advantage of knowing these events, characters and other facts in their chronological order is to better know and understand the biblical history. Knowing biblical history enables us to have a context in which to better study the specifics of scripture. When we can see the "big picture," understanding the details is made easier.

This material is intended to challenge all. It will be easier for some than it will be for others. If you are relatively new to the scriptures, then the first time through this material you will want to focus mainly on the 17 Periods themselves and the sub-headings. Each lesson page will also contain other facts that are either interesting or also worthy of memorization.

There are quizzes to follow each lesson designed to challenge and demonstrate progress. As you begin, you might be apprehensive and skeptical, but if you will keep at it, you will see growth in knowledge and the ability to recall the events of the Bible.

The first lesson is reproduced below with some explanatory notes to help you get the most from this material. Make this material your own. Do not hesitate to modify headings, sub-headings, illustrations, etc. to make learning and memorizing easier for you.

Special thanks to Bob Waldron for "inspiring" all of us to do this through his teaching and materials. Thanks also to Steve Bonk and Allen Roth for their zeal and help in the development of these kinds of materials.



The Flood

- The Scattering of Mankind
- The Patriarchs
- The Exodus
- The Wilderness Wandering The Conquest of Canaan
- The Judges
 The United Kinadom
- The Divided Kingdom
- Judah Continues
- The Babylonian Captivity The Return from Captivity Between the Testaments
- The Life of Christ
- The First Christians Final Letters to Christians

Dates:

4112-2556 B.C.

Time Span:

1556 years

Before the Flood

Creation



Genesis 1

Man in the Garden

Man Sins

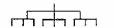


The First Children



4

Genealogy (Adam-Noah)



Key **Characters:** Adam

Eve

Serpent

Cain

Abel

Seth

Enoch

Methuselah

Noah

Important Scripture

Chapter &

"So God created man in His own image; in the image of God He created him; male and female He created them."

"Therefore a man shall leave his father and mother and be joined to his wife, and they shall become one flesh."

"And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your seed and her seed. He shall bruise your head, and you shall bruise his heel."

"If you do well, will you not be accepted? And if you do not do well, sin lies at the door. And its desire is for you, but you should rule over it."

"So all the days of Enoch were 365 years. And Enoch walked with God; and he was not, for God took him."

Days of Creation

Day 1 - Light

Day 4 - Sun, Moon & Stars

Day 2 - Sky Divides Waters

Day 5 - Birds & Sea Life

Day 3 - Land & Plants

Day 6 - Land Animals & Man

The Flood
The Scattering of Mankind

The Patriarchs The Exodus

The Wilderness Wandering

The Conquest of Canaan The Judges

The United Kingdom The Divided Kingdom Judah Continues

The Babylonian Captivity The Return from Captivity

Between the Testaments The Life of Christ The First Christians Final Letters to Christians

Dates:

2556-2455 B.C.

Time Span:

101 years

Key Characters: Noah

Shem

Ham **Japheth**

Ark Specs:

450 ft. long 75 ft. wide 45 ft, high 3 Decks

8 Humans

Animals: 2 of each unclean 7 (pairs?) of each

clean

The Flood



Building the Ark Genesis 6

The Waters Rise



The Waters Abate

8

God's Rainbow Covenant 🥻



Important Scripture

Chapter &

Then Jehovah saw that the wickedness of man was great in the earth, and that every intent of the thoughts of his heart was only evil continually."

"And the waters prevailed exceedingly on the earth, and all the high hills under the whole heaven were covered. The waters prevailed 15 cubits upward, and the mountains were covered."

Then the dove came back to him in the evening, and behold, a freshly plucked olive leaf was in her mouth; and Noah knew that the waters had abated from the earth."

"I set My rainbow in the cloud, and it shall be for the sign of the covenant between Me and the earth."

Flood Time Sequence

Loading the Ark	7 days
Rain	2nd Month, 17th Day
Flood Continues	110 days
Rests on Mt. Ararat	
Tops of Mountains Seen	
Raven & Dove Sent Out	
Dove Sent Out Again	
Dove Sent Out Again	11th Month, 24th Day
Covering Removed From Ark	1st Month, 1st Day
Leaving the Ark	2nd Month, 27th Day

The Flood The Scattering of Mankind

The Patriarchs The Exodus

The Wilderness Wandering The Conquest of Canaan

The Judges
The United Kingdom The Divided Kingdom

Judah Continues The Babylonian Captivity The Return from Captivity Between the Testaments The Life of Christ

The First Christians Final Letters to Christians

Dates:

2455-2089 B.C.

Time Span:

366 years

The Scattering of Mankind

Genealogy (Noah's Sons) Genesis 10

The Tower of Babel



Chapter & Verse?

Important Scripture

*These were the families of the sons of Noah, according to their generations, in their nations; and from these the nations were divided on the earth after the flood."

Therefore its name is called Babel, because there the Lord scattered them abroad over the face of all the earth."

Mizraim

Key Characters:

Japheth Gomer

Magog Javan Tarshish / kittim

Methuselah

[969]

Enoch

(365)

Gentile Coastlands

Ham Cush Canaan

Nimrod Sidon / Heth

[Babel]

464

Generations

[Nineveh] Jebusites Philistines

Amorites

EUROPE

Longevity

(years)

1000

900

800 700 600

500 400

300

200 100 **AFRICA**

Shem Arphaxad Aram Uz Salah Eber Joktan Peleg Reu Serug Nahor

Terah Haran Abram Nahor Lot

The Lifespans of **Early Man** Abraĥam (175) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

Semitic Shem →

Hebrew? Eber →

Peleg = Division Compare 10:25 with 10:32

Before the Flood The Flood The Scattering of Mankind The Patriarchs

The Exodus
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The Conquest of Canaan
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The United Kingdom
The Divided Kingdom
Judah Continues
The Babylonian Captivity
The Return from Captivity
Between the Testaments
The Life of Christ
The First Christians
Final Letters to Christians

Dates:

2089-1524 B.C.

Time Span:

565 years

Key Characters: *Abraham*

Sarah

Lot

Ishmael

lsaac Rebekah

Laban

Esau

Jacob Leah

1 Reuben

2 Simeon

2 Simeor 3 Levi

4 Judah

9 Issachar 10 Zebulun

The Patriarchs



Abraham



Genesis 12-25

Isaac



25-27

Jacob



Israel

28-35

Esau

Edom

36

Joseph



37-50

Chapter &

Important Scripture

"Get out of your country, from your kindred and from your father's house, to a lond that I will show you. I will make you a great nation; I will bless you and make your name great; and you shall be a blessing. I will bless those who bless you, and I will curse those who curse you; and in you all the families of the earth shall be blessed."

"Sojourn in this land, and I will be with you and bless you; for to you and your descendants I give all these lands, and I will perform the oath which I swore to Abraham your father. And I will make your descendants multiply as the stars of heaven; I will give to your descendants all these lands; and in your seed all the nations of the earth shall be blessed."

"I am the Lord God of Abraham your father and the God of Isaac; the land on which you lie! will give to you and your descendants. Also your descendants shall be as the dust of the earth; you shall spread abroad to the west and the east, to the north and the south; and in you and in your seed all the families of the earth shall be blessed."

The 12 Patriarchs

Bilhah Rachel's Handmaid Zilpah Leah's Handmaid Rachel

5 Dan 6 Naphtali

7 Gad 8 Asher 11 Joseph 12 Benjamin

Before the Flood The Flood The Scattering of Mankind The Patriarchs

The Exodus
The Wilderness Wandering The Conquest of Canaan The Judges The United Kingdom The Divided Kingdom Judah Continues The Babylonian Captivity The Return from Captivity Between the Testaments

The Life of Christ The First Christians Final Letters to Christians

Dates:

1524-1443 B.C. Time Span:

81 years

Key **Characters:**

Aaron Miriam Moses Pharaoh

The 10 **Plagues**

- 1. Water to Blood
- 2. Frogs
- 3. Lice
- 4. Flies
- 5. Livestock Disease
- 6. Boils
- 7. Hail
- 8. Locust
- 9. Darkness
- Death of Firstborn

The Exodus



Moses' Early Years Exodus 1-4

Pharaoh & The Plagues



Leaving Egypt/__ •



The Law



19-40; Leviticus 1-27

First Census & Duties Numbers 1-9

Leaving Sinai for Canaan ▲ 10-15

Impo	rtant	Scri	pture
------	-------	------	-------

Book,	
Chapter	Ž
Verse?	

- 1,"You shall have no other gods before Me."
- 2."You shall not make for yourself any carved image...you shall not bow down to them nor serve them."
- 3. "You shall not take the name of the Lord your God in vain..."
- 4."Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy."
- 5. Honor your father and your mother...*
- 6."You shall not murder."
- 7. You shall not commit adultery.
- 8."You shall not steal."
- 9."You shall not bear false witness..."
- 10: You shall not covet..."
 - "...You shall love your neighbor as yourself..."

The Wilderness Wandering Before the Flood The Flood The Scattering of Mankind The Patriarchs The Exodus Korah's Rebellion Numbers 16 The Wilderness Wandering The Conquest of Canaan The Judges The United Kingdom The Divided Kingdom 17-19 Priests & Levites Judah Continues The Babylonian Captivity The Return from Captivity Between the Testaments Moses' Sin 20 The Life of Christ The First Christians Final Letters to Christians Trans-Jordan Kings Defeated Dates: 1443-1403 B.C. Balaam 22-25 **Time Span:** 40 years 2nd Census & Laws \mathcal{H} 26 - 30Key **Characters:** Midian Defeated 31 Moses Aaron Plans for Inheritances 32-36 Eleazar Balak Moses' Speeches Deuteronomy 1-33 Balaam Joshua Moses Dies 34 **Important Scripture** Chapter & "Hear, O Israel: The Lord our God, the Lord is one! You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart, with all your soul, and with all your might." "And these words which I command you today shall be in your heart; you shall teach them diligently to your children, and shall talk of them when you sit in your house, when you walk by the way, when you lie down, and when you rise up. You shall bind them as a sign on your hand, and they shall be as frontlets between your eyes. You shall write them on the doorposts of you house and on your gates." "Whatever I command you, be careful to observe it; you shall not add to it nor take away from it."

The Flood The Scattering of Mankind The Patriarchs

The Exodus

The Wilderness Wandering
The Conquest of Canaan

The Judges The United Kingdom The Divided Kingdom Judah Continues

The Babylonian Captivity
The Return from Captivity
Between the Testaments
The Life of Christ

The First Christians Final Letters to Christians

Dates:

1403-1378 B.C.

Time Span:

25 years

Key **Characters:**

Joshua Rahab

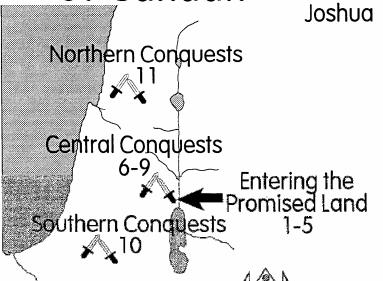
Important Scripture

"And if it seems evil to you to serve the Lord, choose for yourselves this day whom you will serve whether the gods which your fathers served that were on the other side of the River, or the gods of the Amorites, in whose land you dwell. But as for me and my house, we will serve the Lord."

Chapter & Verse?

The Conquest of Canaan





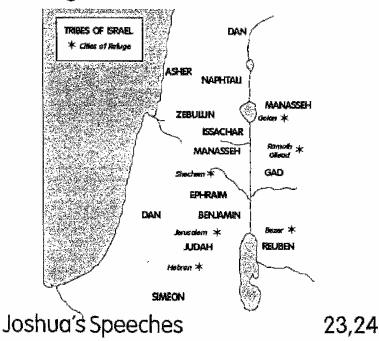
Conquered Kings



12

Dividing the Land

13-22



The Book of Joshua

1.	Approximate dates Brief summary of the book (30 words or less)
2.	Significant characters
3.	Key external events (surrounding nations, etc.) which set the context of the book. It's author. Unique aspects of this book
4.	Contrast the Battles of Jericho and Ai and their related events a. Jericho, chapter 6
	b. Ai, chapter 7
5.	Brief outline of the book 1:1-9 (conquest - 7 yrs. Josh. 14:7, 10 with Deut. 2:14) • Three conquests 6 - 11 • Division of the land, 13 - 22 • Joshua's farewell address, 23 - 24 (note 24:15)
6.	Show how God was working His "scheme of redemption" throughout this book. a. Example - Land promise fulfilled - 21:43-44; 23:14. b. Where was this first promised and to whom?

Before the Flood The Flood The Scattering of Mankind The Patriarchs The Exodus The Wilderness Wandering

The Conquest of Canaan

The Judges
The United Kingdom
The Divided Kingdom
Judah Continues
The Bobylonian Captivity
The Return from Captivity
Between the Testaments
The Life of Christ
The First Christians
Final Letters to Christians

Dates:

1378-1050 B.C.

Time Span:

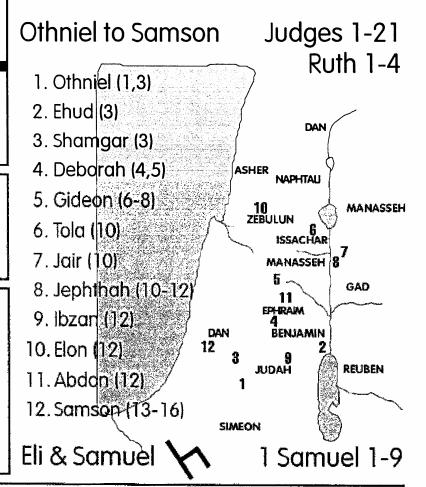
328 years

Other Key Characters:

Barak Abimelech Jotham Naomi **Ruth Boaz**

The Judges





Important Scripture

The children of Israel did evil in the sight of the Lord and served the Baals; and they forsook the Lord God of their fathers..."

"And the anger of the Lord was not against Israel. So He delivered them...and sold them into the hands of their enemies all around..."

"And when the Lord raised up judges for them, the Lord was with the judge and delivered them out of the hand of their enemies all the days of the judge; for the Lord was moved to pily by their groaning because of those who oppressed them and harassed them. And it came to pass, when the judge was dead, that they reverted and behaved more corruptly than their fathers..."

"In those days there was no king in Israel; everyone did what was right in his own eyes."

Chapter & Verse?

The Book of Judges and 1 Samuel 1 - 8

1.	Approximate dates	. Brief summar	y of the book or	section (30 words or	less)

- 2. A Judge Primary emphasis in the Book of Judges is of a deliverer of Israel from the oppression of the enemy: 2:15-18; 3:9, 15, 31, etc. See also 1 Samuel 12:10-11.
 - Secondary, an elected or appointed official with authority to hear and decide cases as in a court of law. 16:18-20...17:8-13; Judges 4:4,5; 1 Samuel 7:15-17
 - **Numbering the judges**. Depending on the following factors, any number between 12 and 17 can be arrived at as to the total number of judges.
 - Include/exclude Abimelech.
 - Include only those in the book of Judges, or also those in Samuel.
 - Include/exclude Samuel's two sons.
 - If include Barak, Deborah's military leader, then 18 judges

Why are Samuel and Eli not included in the book of Judges? (1 Samuel 4:18, 7:15) No certain answer. Possibly because Eli is viewed primarily from his work as high priest (1 Samuel 1:9) and Samuel from his work as prophet (1 Samuel 3:19-21), whereas those in "Judges" were raised primarily for that purpose (?). Compare 1 Samuel 8:6; 2 Kings 15:5

- To some degree the judges governed the nation as a <u>civil ruler</u> or king would, 1
 Samuel 8:5, 6. Compare 2 Kings 15:5. Note Jud. 2:17; 9:2; 11:9-11. Ruling as a
 king may have been more of the people's desire than God's intent (?) 8:22-23; 1
 Samuel 8:5-6. Was this a sign of their apostasy in their failure to recognize and trust
 in God as their King? See 17:6, 18:1, 19:1, 21:25, 1 Samuel 8:7, 10:19.
- Nothing is said of Jair (10:3-5), Ibzan, Elon, or Abdon (12:8-15) accomplishing any military victories to deliver the nation, and nothing is mentioned of Shamgar (3:31),
- 3. Contrast and compare these passages:
 - Judges 2:7
 - Judges 17:6; 21:25
 - 1 Samuel 8:7; 10:19
- 4. What cycle is described in **2:11-23** and note the consequences of the cycle, **2:20-23**

5. For each judge, provide the oppressor and significant events • Othniel of Judah, 3:7-11 **Ehud** of Benjamin, 3:12-30 **Shamgar**, 3:31. Deborah (Ephraim) and Barak (Naphtali). ch 4-5. • **Gideon** of Manasseh, ch 6-8. ** **Abimelech**, ch. 9. (usurper) • **Tola** of Issachar, 10:1-2. • **Jair** of Gilead, 10:3-5. • **Jephthah** of Gilead, 10:6-12:7 • **Ibzan** of Bethlehem, 12:8-10. **Elon** of Zebulun, 12:11-12. • **Abdon** of Ephraim, 12:13-15. **Samson** of Dan, 13:1-16:31. • Eli of Levi, 1 Samuel 4:18. • Samuel of Levi, 1 Samuel 7:15-17. Acts 13:30 6. Change is near - the people want a king! Read 1 Samuel 8:1-20 7. What were God's warnings to Israel's request. Ex. 19:5-6; Lev. 23-26; Deut. 12:29-31,

The Book of Ruth and 1 Chronicles 1 - 9

1. Brief summary of the book of Ruth (30 words or less) 2. Approximate date of Ruth _____. Ruth 1:1; 4:16-22 3. Describe Ruth's background and developing family situation, Ruth 1:1-18 4. Given the low moral levels and overall state of affairs in Israel during the time of the judges (refer to previous lesson and Judges 17:6; 21:25), what is unique and exemplary about the major characters in this book? • Ruth 1:16-17; 2:11-12; 3:10-11 Boaz 4:5-11 5. Show how God was working His "scheme of redemption" throughout the book of Ruth • Ruth 4:13-22 (Matt 1:5-6) 6. "Chronicle" - historical record according to date; register of facts or events arranged in the order in which they happened. 1 Chronicles 1 to 9 lists genealogies of Bible families from Adam to David. Identify significant Old Testament characters in 1 Chronicles 1 – 9, and

note any "omissions" or "out of sequence records"

Before the Flood The Flood The Scattering of Mankind The Patriarchs The Exodus

The Wilderness Wandering The Conquest of Canaan

The United Kingdom
The Divided Kingdom Judah Continues The Babylonian Captivity
The Return from Captivity
Between the Testaments The Life of Christ The First Christians Final Letters to Christians

Dates:

1050 - 931 B.C.

Time Span:

119 years

Key **Characters:**

Samuel Saul Jonathan **Abner** David Joab

Bathsheba

Absalom Adonijah Solomon

Books of Poetry

Job ? **Psalms Proverbs Ecclesiastes** Sona of Solomon

The United Kingdom



Book, Chapter & Verse?

Saul 🐠



1 Samuel 10-31 1 Chronicles 10

David



2 Samuel 1-24 1 Chronicles 11-29

Solomon



1 Kings 1-11 2 Chronicles 1-9

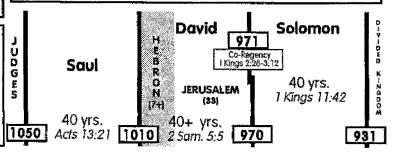
Important Scripture

Has the Lord as great delight in burnt offerings and sacrifices as in obeying the voice of the Lord? Behold to obey is better than sacrifice and to heed than the fat of rams."

"When your days are fulfilled and you rest with your fathers, I will set up your seed after you, who will come from your body, and i will establish his kingdom. He shall build a house for My name, and I will establish the throne of his kingdom forever."

"The Lord said to my Lord, 'Sit at my right hand till I make your enemies Your footstool.

"And now I pray, O God of Israel, let Your word come true, which you have spoken to Your servant David my father. But will God indeed dwell on the earth? Behold heaven and the heaven of heavens cannot contain You. How much less this temple which I have built.



The Book of 1 Samuel 10 - 31 and 1 Chronicles 10

1.	Approximate dates As studied previously, 1 Samuel 1-9 introduces us t Samuel, the prophet and judge. Samuel anointed the first two kings, Saul and David. Samuel overlaps and links the period of the judges to the United Kingdom.				
2.	Saul ruled 40 years 1 Samuel 13:1; Acts 13:21, and David ruled 40 years 1 Kings 2:11 11:42; 2 Samuel 2:8-11; 3:1; 5:5				
3.	Explain what scripture shares	s about Saul.			
	 Character, 1 Samuel 1 Rash judgments 1 Samuel 16 Instability 1 Samuel 16 Sinful 1 Samuel 28 	13:13-14; 15:22-26 nuel 22 5:15, 23			
4.	David kills the mighty Philistin	ne, Goliath 1 Samuel 17			
5.	Relationship between Saul toward David. What provoked this attitude?				
	1 Samuel 18:5-151 Samuel 20:33	Suspicion, fear, dread Saul's attempt to harm David			
6.	David's relationship toward S	aul and his family. What provoked this attitude?			
	1 Samuel 24, 261 Samuel 18, 19	David's reaction, spares Saul's life Michal as wife, Jonathan as best friend			

7. Describe Saul's death 1 Samuel 31:4 and Saul's epitaph 1 Chronicles 10:4, 13-14

The Book of 2 Samuel and 1 Chronicles 11-29

1.	Approximate dates	Brief summary of these sections (30 words or less)
2.	Contrast David's character to that of 2 Samuel 23:1-2; 1 Samuel 16:12,	Saul. 1 Samuel 13:14; 16:7; 1 Kings 3:6; 9:4; 11:4; 18; Acts 13:22.
3.	 Ammon & Tamar 2 Samuel 1 	ther toward Adonijah 1 Kings 1:6
4.	What happened in 2 Samuel 1 – 4 thouse of Saul continued, even after	hat shows strife between the house of David and the the Death of Saul?
5.	 b. Consequences of his sin 2 Moving the ark of the covenant 1 Census taken followed by pestile 	and Uriah 2 Samuel 11 – 12 n the prophet 2 Samuel 12:13

- 6. God's covenant with David **2 Samuel 7:10-16; 1 Chronicles 17:1-15** ("rest," Ps 95:8-11); Isaiah. 9:6-7 (Luke. 1:32-33); Mt. 9:27; 12:23; 21:9,15; Ac. 2:30; Heb. 1:5
 - A type of the Messiah Ps. 89:19-37; Jeremiah 30:8-9 (note 31:31ff with Heb. 8:8ff); Ezekiel. 34:23-24; 37:24-28

The Books of 1 Kings 1 - 11 and 2 Chronicles 1 - 9

1.	Solomon was made King while David was still alive. What was David's primary focus during these years of overlap? What was Solomon and David's relationship during this period? 1 Chron 23:1; 29:22, 28
2.	Solomon reigned 40 years. Approximate dates 2 Chronicles 9:30
3.	Solomon builds alliances, a temple, a palace 1 Kings 5 – 8 Describe his worldly accomplishments and God's reaction to these 2 Chronicles 9:13-28
4.	 Solomon's wisdom and greatness 1 Kings 3:5-15; 4:29-34 2 Chronicles 1:7-11 Author of various Psalms (72, 127) and the books of Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, Song of Solomon What was the Queen of Sheba's conclusion 1 Kings 10:7; 2 Chronicles 9:5-6
5.	Relate 2 Chronicles 2:1-18 with God's prophetic warning in 1 Samuel 8:10-22
6.	From 1 Kings 11, describe the significant change in Solomon's heart, the cause for the change, and God's reaction
7.	What is Solomon's relationship toward God's "scheme of redemption"? Did he fulfill his intended role?

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Dates:

931-722 B.C.

Time Span:

209 years

Notes

All kings of Judah are in the lineage of Jesus. None of the kings of Israel were faithful to God.

Only a few of the kings of Judah could be considered faithful. Athaliah, a wicked daughter of Ahab and wife of Jehoram of Judah, was the only queen.

Bigger names = longer reigns. Many reigns overlapped (co-regencies).

Prophets of the period are arranged vertically.

Assyria captured Samaria in 722 B.C.

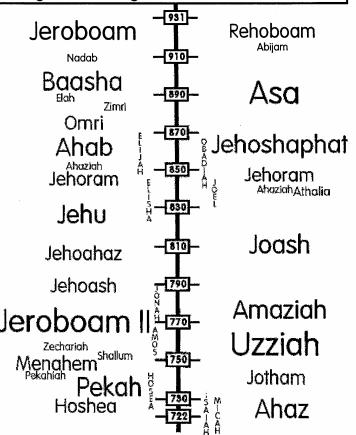
The Divided Kingdom



Northern Kingdom (Israel)

Southern Kingdom (Judah)

1 Kings 12-2 Kings 17 2 Chronicles 10-28

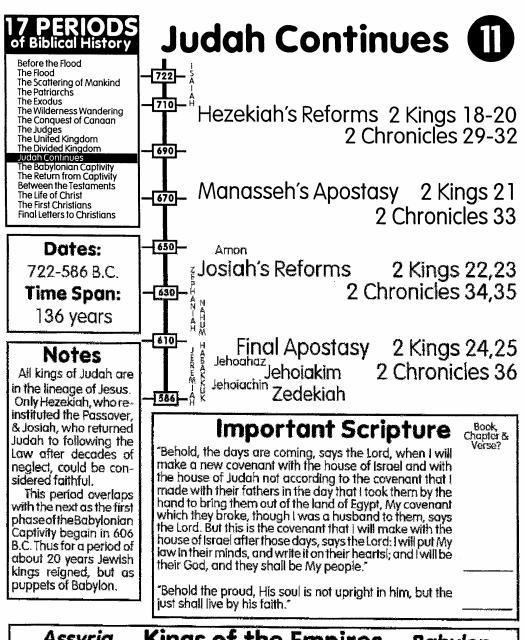


Important Scripture
"My people are destroyed for lack of knowledge. Because you have rejected knowledge, I also will reject you from being priest for Me. Because you have forgotten the law of your God, I also will forget your children." Book, Chapter & Verse? *Now it shall come to pass in the latter days that the mountain of the Lord's house shall be established on the top of the mountains..."
"And it shall come to pass afterward that whoever calls on the name of the Lord shall be saved. For in Mount Zion and in Jerusalem there shall be deliverance..."

The Books of 1 Kings 12 – 22, 2 Kings 1 – 17 and 2 Chronicles 10 - 28

1.	Approximate dates
2.	This period is commonly called the Divided Kingdom. Describe how during this period the term "divided" applies to:
	Israel/Judah
	Geography
	• Worship
	• Dynasties
3.	From 1 Kings 12, describe Rehoboam's role in prompting the division and the significance of Dan & Bethel to Jeroboam and Israel
4.	Name some of the significant kings of this section. List their good or bad behaviors, accomplishments • Good Kings
	Bad Kings
5.	List some significant events related to Elijah and Elisha , prophets of this period.

6.	What lessons do we learn from Naboth, Micaiah, and Naaman in these books?
7.	Review the chart on kings in Tab 3 of the binder. Northern kingdom/Israel had all bad kings. Read 2 Kings 17 for the cause of the fall of the Northern kingdom in 722 BC
	 Irreverence of unbelief as root of apostasy Influence of the "world" Emphasis on covenant and keeping its laws
8.	God continues to work His plan - in the southern kingdom all rulers except usurper Athaliah were in the lineage of David. In the northern kingdom there were nine different dynasties (ten, counting Tibni?): Jeroboam I, Baasha, Zimri, Omni, Jehu, Shallum, Menahem, Pekah, and Hoshea. Read 1 Kings 11:12-13,31-32,34-36; 12:20; 15:4; 2 Chronicles 21:7; Amos 9:11-12; Ac. 15:15-18; Luke. 1:32-33
9.	What was the root of the Samaritans, 2 Kings 17: 6, 24, Mixed race and religion, vv. 27-29. Locate New Testament passages which refer to the Samaritans.



Assyria Kings of the Empires Babylon

Shalmaneser V (727-722) Sargon III (722-705) Sennacherib (705-681) Esarhaddon (681-669) Ashurbanipal (668-626)

Fall of Nineveh (612)

Nabopolassar (625–605) Nebuchadnezzar (605–562)

The Books of 2 Kings 18 - 25 and 2 Chronicles 29 - 36

- 1. Approximate dates _____. Refer back to 2 Kings 17 and the causes for Israel's fall and destruction. Were these issues in Judah also? 2. Explain in detail these two "reformers" of Judah, and significant activities of each • Hezekiah - 15 years added to your life" 2 Kings 18 - 20, 2 Chronicles 29 • Josiah - 2 Chronicles 34 - 35, 2 Kings 22 - 23 Research the feast of Passover and its significance to God's people 3. Jeremiah prophesied to the remnant left in Judah, Jeremiah 25:1-11; 21:1-2; 28:1; 29:1; 32:1-2; 39:1-14. then to the exiles in Egypt, Jeremiah 43:6-7; 44:1 Judah's apostasy and imminent fall • God's decision to bring the Chaldeans to punish Judah Jerusalem is taken Restoration after 70 years promised 2 Chronicles 36:21 4. Three Jerusalem deportations • 605 BC – Some captives, including Daniel, 2 Kings 24:1-2; Dan. 1:1-7 • 597 BC - More captives, including Ezekiel. 2 Kings 24:8-17; Ezekiel 1:2; 33:21 • 586 BC - Sacked city, burned temple. 2 Kings 24:18-25:21
- 6. Explain Jeremiah 22:24-30 ("Coniah" = "Jehoiachin") and it's relationship with God's plan

5. Describe the fall of Jerusalem to Babylon Jeremiah 52; 2 Kings 25

7. Name the minor prophet(s) significant to this period and what was their messages

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Dates:

605-536 B.C.

Time Span:

69 years

Key Characters:

Nebuchadnezzar

<u>Daniel</u> Hananjah Mishgel Azariah Ezekiel Belshazzar Darius Cyrus

Notes

The small names above are the Babylonian names of the person it is under.

Dates are imprecise. When calculating one must be willing to give or take a year to compensate for different ways of counting.

Babylonian Captivity

Early Captivity

Daniel 1-4

Middle Captivity



Ezekiel 1-48

Latter Captivity



Daniel 5-12

Important Scripture

Book, Chapter &

"When I say to the wicked, You shall surely die," and you give him no warning, nor speak to warn the wicked from his wicked way, to save his life, that same wicked man shall die in his iniquity; but his blood I will require at your hand.

"And in the days of these kings the God of heaven will set up a kingdom which shall never be destroyed..."

"Our God whom we serve is able to deliver us from the burning fiery furnace, and He will deliver us from your hand, O king. But if not, let it be known toyou, O king, that we do not serve your gods, nor will we worship the gold image which you have set up."

Major Events of the Captivity

605 597

586--

 1st Deportation (Daniel & others taken) 2nd Deportation (Jeholachin taken prisoner)

3rd Deportation (Jerusalem captured & burned)

562 - Nebuchadnezzar Dies • Evil-Merodach Reigns

539 B.C. - FALL OF BABYLON to Darius the Mede Temple re-building begins by decree of Cyrus

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Ezra's Return

Jews in Persia

Nehemiah's Return

₩ehemiah 1-13

Haggai & Zechariah

Esther 1-10

Ezra 7-10

Dates:

538-425 B.C.

Time Span:

113 years

Key **Characters:**

Cyrus

Zerubbabel

Jeshua Darius I Ahgsuerus Mordecai **Esther**

Haman Ezra

Artaxerxes I Nehemiah

Purim

A feast remembering the Jewish victory over Haman's plot. Esther 9:18-32

Malachi Book, Chapter & Verse?

Important Scripture

The Return From

Zerubbabel & Jeshua Ezra 1-6

Captivity

"Once more (it is a little while) | will shake heaven and earth, the sea and dry land; and I will shake all nations, and they shall come to the Desire of All Nations, and I will fill this temple with glory,' says the Lord of hosts.... The gloryofthislattertempleshallbegreaterthantheformer..."

"Behold, [will send you Elijah the prophet before the coming of the great and dreadful day of the Lord. And he will turn the hearts of the fathers to the children, and the hearts of the children to their fathers...

Major Events of the Return 538 B.C. – 1st Return (Zerubbabel & Jeshua) Cambyses (559-530)

Foundation of Temple Laid

516—Temple Completed

Esther

500

480

Darius I (522-486)

(530-522) Smerdis

Xerxes | 1486-4651

– 2nd Return (Ezra) 1.758

- 3rd Return (Nehemiah)Wall Rebuilt

Artaxerxes I 1465-4241

432 - Nehemiah Returns to Shushan Nehemiah Returns to Jerusalem?

The Book of Ezra

	Approximate date of the book - Chapters 1 to 6 and Chapters 7 to 10 Describe the significant external event which ended the 70 years of captivity and prompted the Jewish return. Ezra 1:1-4; Jeremiah 25:11-12; 29:10			
3.	Review God's earlier promises			
	 Genesis 22:18 Seed of Abraham Acts 3:25-26; Gal 3:16 2 Samuel 7:12 Seed of David Acts 2:30; Rom 1:3 Isaiah 10:20-24 Aremnant to return Jeremiah 29:10-14 After 70 years of captivity - 2 Chronicles 36:21-23 			
4. Review the "on again/off again" struggles to rebuild the temple, chapters 1 to 6.				
	 Ezra 1 Decree & assistance provided Ezra 3 Altar restored and people begin work on temple Ezra 4 False Accusations stop the work Ezra 5:1-4 Prophets Haggai and Zechariah encourage temple completion (Messianic - Zech 6:12-13 Branch, both priest and King) Ezra 5:5-6:15 Investigation and correction. Work is resumed and completed 			
5.	5. Describe Ezra from 7:6, 10-11 and explain it's significance in this book			
6.	6. Explain the problem Ezra was confronted with by the princes following his arrival to Jerusalem. List the attitudes of the people of Israel and its leaders, and how the problem was resolved Ezra 9, 10 Are these same attitudes and resolution applicable today?			
7.	Describe God's providence, as shown via the kindness of Persian Kings 6:11-12; 7:12-28			
8.	Research the purpose of the Feast of Booths/Tabernacles. Duet 31:10; Ezra 3:4; Nehemiah 8:14; Zechariah 14:16; Leviticus 23:34-44. What other Jewish feast(s) are mentioned in the book?			

The Book of Esther

1.	Approximate date of the book Brief summary of the book (30 words or less)
2.	 Describe this book's major characters King Ahasuerus (Xerxes) Esther 1, 2, 7 Queen Vashti Esther 1 Esther/Hadassah Esther 2 Mordecai Esther 2 - 3 Haman Esther 3, 5
3.	Summarize Mordecai's wise counsel to Esther in 4:12-14 and explain its application today.
4.	List passages throughout this book that specifically focus on God's providence
5.	Show how God was working His "scheme of redemption" throughout this book
6.	Research the Jewish "Feast of Purim"
7.	Refer to the reference tab of your notebook and review details regarding Persian Kings. Additional information is shown on next page.

8. Six world empires

- **Egypt** 1600 1200 BC (prime)
- **Assyria** 800's 612 BC (612-Ninevah fell)
- **Babylon** 612 538 BC (539-fall of Babylon)
- Persia 539 331 BC (331-battle of Arbela, Gaugamela)
- **Greece** 331 146 BC (146 Greece became Roman Province)
- **Rome** 146 BC 476 AD

9. Persian Rulers

- Cyrus "the Great" 550–530 BC
 - Decrees that Jews can return home
 - o 1st group returns, lead by Zerubbabel
- Cambyses II 530–522 BC (also called Ahasuerus, Artaxerxes)
 - Stopped work on the temple
 - o Conquered Egypt, ended pharaoh rule
- Gaumata ("False Smerdis") 522–521 BC
- **Darius I** 521–486 BC
 - Setup satrapies, Judah as 5th
 - o Established roads, postal system, canals
 - Checked records, and allowed temple rebuilding to continue
 - Haggai (520 BC), Zechariah (520 BC) reestablish priority to serve the Lord first and restart temple building
 - o Temple finished in 516 BC
- Xerxes I 486-464 BC (also Ahaseurus)
 - o Esther, his queen (483 to 473 BC)
- Artaxerxes I 464–423 BC
 - o 2nd return under Ezra (458 BC)
 - o 3rd return under Nehemiah (444 BC)

Famous Contemporaries

- Gautama Buddha, India 560–480 BC
- Confucius, China 551-479 BC
- Socrates, Greece 470–399 BC
- Alexander the Great defeated Persians in 331 BC

The Book of Nehemiah

1.	Approximate date of the book Pring	nary theme of the book (30 words or less)
2.	2. Describe Nehemiah 1:11; 2:11; 5:14-19; 13:23	31
3.	 Describe the purpose for Nehemiah's leading this 3rd r 	eturn to Jerusalem. Nehemiah 2:1-8
	and the attitude of the people in supporting the supporting t	nis purpose. Nehemiah 2:18; 4:16
4.	 Explain why Sanballat, Tobiah, Geshem and oth Nehemiah's reaction to their opposition 	ers would oppose Nehemiah's work, and
5.	 Jidentify significant events for each section Rebuilding the wall of Jerusalem Nehem 	ah 1 – 7 (note 6:15)
	Repairing of the agreement with God Nel	nemiah 8 – 10
	• Reforming of the nation Nehemiah 11 – 1	13
6.	 6. Malachi, a contemporary prophet. Note similariti Similarities - Nation ruled by a "governor" Similar problems of intermarriage (Malactithe (Malachi 3:7-8; Nehemiah 13:10-1) 	, Temple had been rebuilt hi 2:11; Nehemiah 13:23,28); failure to

2:8; Nehemiah 13:29).

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Dates:

425-5 B.C. Time Span:

420 years

John

Simon

Between the **Testaments**

The Persian Empire

(550 - 330)

The Greek Empire

(330-150)

Alexander the Great (356-323)

Ptolemies & Seleucids (323-166)

Maccabean Revolt (166-143)

Roman Domination

 $(150 \rightarrow)$

Hasmoneans (143-37) Herod the Great (37-4)

Hasmonean & Herodian Connection

Notes

Mattathias

Mattathias

Judas Maccabeas

Eleazar

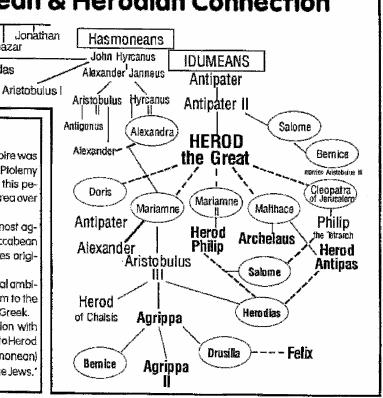
Judas

After Alexander's death the empire was divided up among his generals. Piolemy controlled Palestine for much of this period until the Seleucids took the greatover and tried to Hellenize the Jews.

Antiochus Epiphanes was the most aggressive and provoked the Maccabean revolt. It is likely that the Pharisees originated in this time.

The Pharisees disliked the political ambitions of John Hyrcanus driving him to the Sadducees who were more pro-Greek.

Roman domination in connection with internalHasmoneandisputesledtoHerod (an Idumean who married a Hasmonean) being eventually made "king of the Jews."



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Dates:

6 B.C. - 30 A.D.

Time Span:

36 years

Important Scripture

"And the Word became flesh and dwelt among us, and we beheld His glory, the glory as of the only begottenofthe Father, full of grace and truth."

"Go therefore and make disciples of all the nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit."

These are written that you may believe that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God, and that believing you may have life in His name."

The Life of Christ



Before His Ministry

The births of John & Jesus Flight into Egypt Jesus in the temple at age 12 John's ministry begins Jesus baptized

Ministry Begins

Tempted in wilderness
Water turned to wine
1st cleansing of temple
Teaches Nicodemus
Samaritan Woman

Galilee

Calling of Apostles Sermon on the Mount Herod executes John Walks on water Transfiguration

Judea & Perea

Forgives adulteress Sending of the 70 Raises Lazarus Teaching on divorce Rich young ruler

The Final Week

Triumphal entry 2nd cleansing of temple Final Passover Betrayal & Trial Crucifixion & Burial

Resurrection

The empty tomb
Appearances to disciples
Appearance by Galilee
"Great Commission"
Ascension

Matthew 1-3 Mark 1 Luke 1-3 John 1

> Matthew 4 Mark 1 Luke 4 John 1-4

Matthew 4-18 Mark 1-9 Luke 4-9 John 4-7

Matthew 19,20 Mark 10 Luke 10-19 John 7-12

Matthew 21-27 Mark 11-15 Luke 19-23 John 12-19

> Matthew 28 Mark 16 Luke 24 John 20,21

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Final Letters to Christians

Dates:

30-62 A.D.

Time Span:

32 years

Important Scripture

"...And you shall be witnesses to Me in Jerusalem, and in all Judea and Samaria, and to the end of the earth."

"For you are all sons of God through faith in Christ Jesus. For as many of you as were baptized into Christ have put on Christ."

"For all have sinned and fall short of the glory of God, being justified freely by His grace through the redemption that is in Christ Jesus..."

The First Christians

B

Jerusalem, Judea & Samaria Acts 1-12

The Church Begins (1-3)

	The Church begins (1-3)	
	Christ's Ascension	1
(30)) Pentecost	2
Ÿ	Lame Man Healed	3
t		3
	Persecution Begins (4-7)	
	Peter and John Arrested	4
	The Apostles Arrested	5
	Choosing of the Seven	6
1	Stophon's Corman	ō
	Stephen's Sermon	7
- 1	Christians Scattered (8-12)	
- 1	Philip's Preaching	8
	Saul of Tarsus Converted	9
	Cornelius Converted	
		10
_,	Christians in Antioch of Syria	11
(48) Herod	12
~	/	James
	Described Double (1) F	
	Remotest Parts of the Ea	rth
	Acts 13-28	
	Paul's First Journey (13,14)	
	Paul's Sermon to the Jews in Antioch of Pisidia	13
	Paul and Barnabas Worshipped	14
		14
(50) Jerusalem Conference (15)	
`\		Galatians
	Paul's Second Journey (16-18)	
	Paul & Silas in Prison	
- 1	rusi ot silus (il riison	16
	Athens Philosophers	17
(53	🐧 Aquila and Priscilla	18
~	1827	nessalonians
	Paul's Third Journey (19,20)	
	Riot at Ephesus	19
Ī	·	l Corinthians
ᆚ	Greece / Troas / Ephesian Elders	20
(57		
7	Z COMMINICAL LA LACTURA LACTURA LACTURA LACTURA LA LACT	ns & Romans
1	Paul Under Arrest (21-28)	
	Arrested in Temple at Jerusalem	21
	Address to Mob	22
	Plot to Kill Paul	
1		23
- 1	Before Felix	24
F	Before Festus	25
Ī	Before Agrippa	26
1	↑ Shipwrecked	27 27
(6(
``	Arrival in Rome	28
	Ephesians, Colossians, Philemon	& Philippians

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Final Letters to Christians

Dates:

62-? A.D.

Time Span:

8-30 years

Final Letters to Christians

Paul's Final Journeys

1 Timothy Titus

The Last Days

1 & 2 Peter Jude Hebrews 2 Timothy 1, 2 & 3 John Revelation

Important Scripture

"Yes, I think it is right, as long as I am in this tent, to stir you up by reminding you, knowing that shortly I must put off my tent, just as our Lord Jesus Christ showed me. Moreover I will be careful to ensure that you always have a reminder of these things after my decease."

"God, who at various times and in different ways spoke in time past to the fathers by the prophets, has in these last days spoken to us by HIs Son, whom He has appointed heir of all things, through whom also He made the worlds..."

"For I am already being poured out as a drink offering, and the time of my departure is at hand. I have fought the good fight, I have finished the race, I have kept the faith. Finally, there is laid up for me the crown of righteousness, which the Lord, the righteous Judge, will give to me on that Day, and not to me only but also to all who have loved his appearing."

